

SWOT INSTITUTE
VECTOR ALGEBRA
XII-TEST

Time : 1 hr.

1. Show that the vectors $2\hat{i}-3\hat{j}+4\hat{k}$ and $-4\hat{i}+6\hat{j}=8\hat{k}$ are collinear.
2. Show that the vector $\hat{i}+\hat{j}+\hat{k}$ is equally inclined to the axes OX, OY and OZ.
3. Find the position vector of the mid point of the vector joining the points P(2, 3, 4) and Q(4, 1, -2).
4. If $\vec{a}, \vec{b}, \vec{c}$ are unit vectors such that $\vec{a}+\vec{b}+\vec{c}=\vec{0}$, find the value of $\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b}+\vec{b} \cdot \vec{c}+\vec{c} \cdot \vec{a}$.
5. Show that the vectors $2\hat{i}-\hat{j}+\hat{k}$, $\hat{i}-3\hat{j}-5\hat{k}$ and $3\hat{i}-4\hat{j}-4\hat{k}$ from the vertices of right angled triangle.
6. Find the magnitude of two vectors \vec{a} and \vec{b} , having the same magnitude and such that the angle between them is 60° and their scalar product is $\frac{1}{2}$.
7. Find λ and μ if $(2\hat{i}+6\hat{j}+27\hat{k}) \times (\hat{i}+\lambda\hat{j}+\mu\hat{k})=\vec{0}$.
8. Find the area of the triangle with vertices A(1, 1, 2), B(2, 3, 5) and C(1, 5, 5).
9. Find the area of a parallelogram whose adjacent sides are given by the vectors $\vec{a}=3\hat{i}+\hat{j}+4\hat{k}$ and $\vec{b}=\hat{i}-\hat{j}+\hat{k}$.
10. Three vectors \vec{a}, \vec{b} and \vec{c} satisfy the condition $\vec{a}+\vec{b}+\vec{c}=\vec{0}$. Evaluate the quantity $\mu=\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b}+\vec{b} \cdot \vec{c}+\vec{c} \cdot \vec{a}$, if $|\vec{a}|=1, |\vec{b}|=4$ and $|\vec{c}|=2$.
11. If with reference to the right handed system of mutually perpendicular unit vectors \hat{i}, \hat{j} and $\hat{k}, \vec{\alpha}=3\hat{i}-\hat{j}, \vec{\beta}=2\hat{i}+\hat{j}-3\hat{k}$, then express $\vec{\beta}$ in the form $\vec{\beta}=\vec{\beta}_1+\vec{\beta}_2$, where $\vec{\beta}_1$ is parallel to $\vec{\alpha}$ and $\vec{\beta}_2$ is perpendicular to $\vec{\alpha}$.